

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

**Please amend claims 1, 12-17, and 19-22 as follows:**

1. (Amended) A process of replacing nucleus pulposus of an intervertebral disk, comprising:  
[identifying a location of a rupture in an annulus fibrosus of an intervertebral disk;]  
removing nucleus pulposus associated with [said] an annulus fibrosus of [said] an  
intervertebral disk; and  
injecting a thermoplastic material heated to a temperature over 50 C. for flowing into said  
annulus fibrosus and then permitting said material to cool for setting in a non-flowing state upon  
reaching a temperature of between 35 C. and 42C., so as to cause said material to occupy a space  
formerly occupied by said removed nucleus pulposus.
2. (Original) The process as defined in claim 1, further comprising:  
providing an injection device for injecting the thermoplastic material, the injection device  
having a heating element and a needle for dispensing of the thermoplastic material;  
heating the thermoplastic material by said heating element to a predetermined high  
temperature over 50 C. at which said material flows a desired amount; and  
thereafter injecting said thermoplastic material at said predetermined high temperature  
through said needle for flow into said annulus fibrosus of said selected intervertebral disk.
3. (Original) The process as defined in claim 1 wherein injecting a thermoplastic material  
includes injecting gutta percha heated to a temperature over 50 C. for flowing of said gutta  
percha into said annulus fibrosus.
4. (Original) The process as defined in claim 1 wherein injecting a thermoplastic material  
includes injecting a gutta percha compound including zinc oxide and heated to a temperature  
between about 150C. and 200C.; and  
cooling said gutta percha compound by body temperature to about 37 C. for setting of  
said gutta percha compound in a non-flowing state with sufficient resilience to provide adequate  
cushioning.

5. (Original) A process of injecting a thermoplastic material within an annulus fibrosus of a selected intervertebral disk of a patient comprising:

selecting said intervertebral disk in which said thermoplastic material is to be injected;  
providing an injection device for the thermoplastic material having a heating element for the thermoplastic material and a needle for dispensing of the thermoplastic material;  
heating said thermoplastic material by said heating element to a predetermined high temperature at which said material flows a desired amount;  
thereafter injecting said thermoplastic material at said predetermined high temperature through said needle for flow into said annulus fibrosus of said selected intervertebral disk; and  
cooling said thermoplastic material to the body temperature of the patient for setting of said thermoplastic material in a non-flowing state with a resilience to provide desired cushioning.

6. (Original) The process as defined in claim 5, further comprising:

removing nucleus pulposus from said annulus fibrosus prior to injection of said thermoplastic material wherein said thermoplastic material occupies a space formerly occupied by said nucleus pulposus.

7. (Original) The process as defined in claim 5 wherein:

selecting said intervertebral disk includes selecting an intervertebral disk at the apex of a abnormal curvature of the spine of the patient; and  
then injecting said thermoplastic material at said predetermined high temperature into the annulus fibrosus of said selected disk.

8. (Original) The process as defined in claim 5 wherein:

injecting a thermoplastic material includes injecting gutta percha heated to a temperature over 50 C.

9. (Original) The process as defined in claim 5 wherein:

Injecting a thermoplastic material includes injecting gutta percha heated for flowing at a temperature between about 150 C. and 200 C.; and  
cooling said gutta percha by body temperature at about 37 C. for setting in a non-flowing state.

10 (Original) A process for treating scoliosis of the spine at the greatest deflection of the concavity of the spine formed by the abnormal curvature comprising:

selecting an intervertebral disk at the apex of the concavity;  
injecting a thermoplastic material heated to a temperature over 50C. for flowing into the annulus fibrosus of said intervertebral disk; and  
permitting said thermoplastic material to cool to body temperature of a patient for setting in a non-flowing state while retaining sufficient resilience for cushioning and non-migration.

11. (Original) The process as defined in claim 10, further comprising:

providing an injection device for injecting the thermoplastic material, the injection device having a heating element and a needle for dispensing of the thermoplastic material;  
heating the thermoplastic material by said heating element to a predetermined high temperature over 50 C. at which said material flows a desired amount; and  
thereafter injecting said thermoplastic material at said predetermined high temperature through said needle for flow into said annulus fibrosus of said selected intervertebral disk.

12. (Thrice Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 2, wherein the thermoplastic material comprises a geometric isomer of natural rubber.

13. (Twice Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 2, wherein said [heater] heating element heats said thermoplastic material for flowing at a temperature between about 150C and 200C.

14. (Twice Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 2, wherein said thermoplastic material comprises a linear crystalline polymer.

15. (Twice Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 2, wherein said thermoplastic material comprises a gutta percha compound in which gutta percha is between 15% and 40% by weight of the compound.

16. (Twice Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 2, wherein said injection needle is formed of a ceramic material.

17. (Twice Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 2, further comprising:  
an expandable sleeve about said needle adjacent an extending end of said needle to define an annulus between said needle and said sleeve, so that pressurized fluid communicating with the annulus expands said sleeve outwardly.

18. (Original) The injection device as defined in claim 17, wherein said needle has openings thereon for the supply of a pressurized fluid to said annulus for expanding said sleeve.

19. (Twice Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 2, further comprising:  
a chamber for receiving a plug of said thermoplastic material;  
a piston adjacent an end of said plug for exerting a force against said plug; and  
a hand operated trigger [is] operatively connected to said piston and upon actuation is effective to force said thermoplastic material from said needle when said thermoplastic material is heated to a flowing state.

20. (Twice Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 2, further comprising[;]:  
a chamber for receiving a plug of said thermoplastic material; and  
a hand operated trigger operatively connected to said plug thermoplastic material and upon actuation is effective to force said thermoplastic material from said needle when said thermoplastic material is heated to a flowing state.

21. (Amended) The injection device as defined in claim [4] 20, [further comprising:] wherein:  
[the] said chamber for receiving [the] said plug is provided in a plunger removable from  
an injection device body.

22. (Twice Amended) The injection device [asa] as defined in claim [4] 2, further comprising[:];  
a heater control unit having an adjustable temperature control to provide a selected  
temperature for said [heater] heating element.

**Please cancel new claims 23 and 24:**

23. (Canceled)

24. (Canceled)